Distributing Freight and Duty to Average Landed Cost

QUICKBOOKS USERS

Distributing Freight/ Duty to Average Landed Cost (Using Vendor Invoice Reconciliation) This is absolutely how you should be distributing freight and / or duty to the ALC of products if using QuickBooks and even if not using QuickBooks you can choose to distribute in this manner.

This document is intended to demonstrate to the user how to distribute freight and duty charges to a third party vendor when doing Vendor Invoice Reconciliation. In this example I am creating a Purchase Order to Exide Technologies to order one part and they are using a third party vendor, called EZR to ship the part.

P1-30179 has been created ordering a quantity of one part #1002 from Exide Technologies for \$10.

Purchase Order Information								
* Vendor Name	Exide Technologies	Order Lowest Cost Items Only	□ (?)					
* РО Туре	SPECIAL BUY	Ignore Overstock Locations						
By Barcode		Factor Order Delay						
Default Transaction Code	Normal Purchase 💌 ?	Include Consignments						
Default Delivery Preference	We will pick it up	Delayed Quantity on Order	□ 🕜					
Order From Location	Bora Bora 👻 ?	Leave Cores On Hand						
Created By	admin 🗨 🕜							
Primary Supplier or Equivalent Parts Only								

Ex	Export as CSV Import as CSV Save Data As Template:								
Au	Auto Complete Line Code :								
Pro	oduct Details								USA, Dollars
#	Transaction	Line Code	Product #	Product Name		QoH	ТА	Order Qty	Cost
1	Normal Purchase v	TRN	1002 1 📰 📑 🕌 BG 🖀 Add PO Part Notes	wheely bar 1: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 2: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 3: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 4: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 5: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 5: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 6: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 6: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 7: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 8: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 8: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	MTD: 0 LYS: 0 YDR: 0	0 YTD: 0 L12: 0 LYR: 0	0 0, 0, 0,N, None 0	1 0, 0, 0 1, 0, 0, 1	10 Cost Ext: 10.000 C: \$10.000

Note that the current cost and average landed cost of this part were both \$10 prior to the process of distributing freight to the average landed cost.

	Select Location
Current Cost (\$)	\$ 10.000
Avg Landed Cost (\$)	\$ 10.000
FIFO Cost (\$)	
Last Cost (\$)	
Lowest Cost (\$)	

When receiving the part I got an invoice along with it. The invoice number is 5643. Although NOT required, it can be helpful to enter a receipt number that ties this instance of receiving to an invoice and/or the Purchase Order number (note the PO# in parenthasis as part of the receipt number).

			Re	ceive by Pr	oduct (PO))	
			631/0		et Savo Aci	Donding	
			3476		Save AS	Toggle Related SO Column	Scan PO Iter
		8	Receipt Number # :		IN	IV 5643 (P1-30179)	
may doublo-cl	ick to Validato the lin	0					
nay double-ch nove from one ore Price to ma	qty field to the next. ke it editable.	e.					· · · · ·
							USA
Vendor Line Code	Vendor Product #	Our Line Code	Our Product #	Received Qty	Purchase UOM	PO Number For Receiving Quantity	PO Cost Price
TRN	1002	TRN	1002	1	1 EACH	P1-30179	10.000 \$ 🛅
						Exide Technologies Create PO Append to PO	C: \$10
		£	·				

When doing Vendor Invoice Reconciliation (VIR) you enter the vendor name, the invoice number, the vendor bill date and then you choose to load receiving data based on either the Purchase Order number or the receipt number. Using the receipt number allows the user to do VIR on part of a PO if the PO was received in multiple shipments and invoiced by shipment.

When doing VIR you can do it by individual receipt or purchase order, or do multiple receipts or purchase orders at the same time by choosing more than one.

Vendor / Invoice Information			
• Vendor Name 💡	Exide Technologies	Vendor Invoice Number 😗	Add New Vendor Invoice 🔹
Load RECEIVING data based on 📀	Receipt By Date Receipt By Number	Vendor Bill Date ?	09-01-2014 🦳 (
	$^{\odot}$ Purchase Order By Date $^{\odot}$ Purchase Order By Number		
	Return Goods Notification (RGN) PO By Date		
	Return Goods Notification (RGN) PO By Number		

The next step is to select the receipt # you are doing VIR for (or the Purchase Order number if searching by PO). Once selected click the GET RECONCILIATION FORM button.

Open Receipts ?	
7982 - (Created On: 10-23-2012 09:51:53)	8318 - (Created On: 04-25-2013 13:26:17)
9101 - (Created On: 05-09-2014 10:02:15)	9146 - (Created On: 05-29-2014 09:31:22)
9224 - (Created On: 07-09-2014 10:57:37)	INV 5643 (P1-30179) - (Created On: 09-19-2014 08:38
	Select / Deselect All

Once you have gone throught the process of verifying that the part information is accurate, you can add the freight. The help file next to "Adding Freight/Duty?" directs you through the process.

1. Ensure all the line items for the PO you are adding freight for have been "matched".

	FROM RECEIVING				матсн	FROM INVOICE						
PO NUMBER	QTY RCVD	RCVD COST?	CORE RCVD	CORE COST	TOTAL LINE	?	PO NUMBER	QTY SHIP	BILL COST (\$)	CORE SHIP	CORE COST (\$)	FRT COST
P1-30179	1	\$10.000	0	\$0.000	\$10.000		P1-30179	1	10.000	0	0.000	\$0.00 Distribute FRT Cost
	1		0					1		0		

2. Click the "Add more line item entry" button at the bottom left of the VIR page.



3. Put the product number for the freight product you have added to Fuse5. (If you haven't created a freight product you must do so prior to distributing on a VIR). By hitting enter after adding your freight product number you may have to choose from a drop down if you have multiple products with the same name. Ensure you are using line code FRT.

DELETE	P				
	PARTIAL RECONCILIATION	LINE CODE	PRODUCT #	PO NUMBER	QT RCV
		TRN	1002	P1-30179	
-		FRT	Freight Select Vendor		0
			Total Quantity		
Adding	Freight ? 🕐 🛛 Add	more line	item entry		

3. If line entry is added using 'Add more line item entry' button then MATC

4. Put in the PO number you are distributing freight for (Case Sensitive).

Ξ	P	RODUCT				FROM REG	EIVING	
	PARTIAL RECONCILIATION	LINE CODE	PRODUCT #	PO NUMBER	QTY RCVD	RCVD COST?	CORE RCVD	C C
		TRN	1002	P1-30179	1	\$10.000	0	4
		FRT	Freight Select Vendor	P1-30179	0	0.00	0	0.0
			Total Quantity		1		0	
g	Freight ? 🕐 🛛 Add	more line	item entry					

5. Enter a quantity of 1 in the Qty Received column.

	FROM RECEIVING							
PO NUMBER	QTY RCVD	RCVD COST?	CORE RCVD	CORE COST	TOTAL LINE			
P1-30179	1 \$10.000		0	\$0.000	\$10.000			
P1-30179	1	0.00	0	0.00	\$0.000			
	2		0					

6. Enter the \$ amount in the RCVD Cost column.

	FROM RECEIVING							
	PO NUMBER	QTY RCVD	RCVD COST?	CORE RCVD	CORE COST	TOTAL LINE	(?)	
	P1-30179	1	\$10.000	0	\$0.000	\$10.000		
][P1-30179	1	2.990	0	0.00	\$2.990		
Ť		2		0				

7. Check the "match" box. The PO # will auto fill and the \$ amount you entered should show in green above the "Distribute FRT Cost" check box. (NOTE: the match box will NOT stay checked. Once checked the freight cost will show up in the FRT cost field and not in the QTY SHIP or BILL COST fields)

	матсн		FROM INVOICE						
TOTAL LINE	?	PO NUMBER	QTY SHIP	BILL COST (\$)	CORE SHIP	CORE COST (\$)	FRT COST		
\$10.000	7	P1-30179	1	10.000	0	0.000	\$0.00 Distribute FRT Cost		
\$2.990		P1-30179	0	0.000	0	0.000	\$2.990 Distribute FRT Cost		
			1		0				

8. Check the box next to "Distribute FRT Cost". The \$ amount should disappear and be distributed among the products from that PO based on their "Bill Cost".

матсн				FROM IN	VOICE			RE	CONCILIATI	ON
(?	PO NUMBER	QTY SHIP	BILL COST (\$)	CORE SHIP	CORE COST (\$)	FRT COST	TOTAL LINE	PRODUCT VARIANCE	CORE VARIANCE	OTHER VARIANCE
V	P1-30179	1	10.000	0	0.000	<mark>\$2.990</mark> ☑ Distribute FRT Cost	\$12.990	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$2.990
	P1-30179	0	0.000	0	0.000	\$0.00 ♥ Distribute FRT Cost	\$0.000	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$-2.990
		1		0						

At this point the freight charges are set to be distributed to average landed cost. Distributing Freight/Duty to the ALC of the parts is OPTIONAL and should be based on your businesses standard operating procedures. If you do NOT want to distribute the freight and duty, just follow all the steps described OTHER than clicking "Distribute FRT Cost".

The other issue to handle in this situation is that Exide Technologies is only charging us \$10 for the parts and the \$2.99 needs to be billed for the vendor EZR. Using the "Select Vendor" button you can choose the vendor and expense account you want the freight charges to go to.

DELETE		PRODUCT			
	PARTIAL RECONCILIATIO	N LINE CODE	PRODUCT #	PO NUMBER	QTY RCVI
-		TRN	1002	P1-30179	
		FRT	Freight	P1-30179	1
			Total Quantity		

Click "Select Vendor":

Select the vendor and the Expense Chart of Account.

*
EZR
Freight 💌
Select Cancel

The **Expense Chart of Account** that you select should be previously set up by going to PERSONAL & ADMIN > SETTINGS > QUICKBOOKS SETTINGS > expand the VENDOR INVOICE section (or Expand All) > Map Discrepancy.

	Accrued Duty :	Accrued Duty Expense	Update Delete
	Accrued FRT :	Accrued Freight Expense	Update Delete
	Accrued FRT : CC Change : CC Change Fiji : Damage : DiscType : Discount Type2 : Exclude from your vendors do NOT match	Merchandise Inventory	Update Delete
	CC Change Fiji :	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Fiji	Update Delete
	Damage :	Damage Discrepancy	Update Delete
Map Discropancy	DiscType :	DiscCoA	Update Delete
Note: Expense Chart of Account	Discount Type2 :	Purchase Discounts	Update Delete
Used if the invoice received from your vendors do NOT match the expected cost when ordered	Freight :	Incoming Freight	Update Delete
	Friend Family :	Purchase Discounts	Update Delete
	Lost Disc :	Lost Discrepancy	Update Delete
	PO Prepay :	PO Prepay	Update Delete

After selecting the vendor and the Chart of Account you are ready to save the VIR (assuming you have addressed any other cost variance, qty variance, discounts, and terms unrelated to the freight). After hitting save on the VIR you will get a pop up that allows you to update cost information. It is NOT necessary to choose Avg Landed Cost....let me repeat....do NOT choose Avg Landed Cost if you want to update your ALC based on normal ALC calculations. Clicking the Avg Landed Cost button at this point will change your ALC to match the receiving cost on this VIR. This is NOT what most business want to do, but it is available.

If Yes ! then select location(s) & respe Bora Bora Fiji I Ta Easter Island Cook Islands So	I with the vendor cost discrepancies ? ctive cost field OR leave unchecked whiti I Samoa Somoa French Polynesia
Cost field	Overwrite field(s) (Yes/No) Toggle All
Current Cost	
Avg Landed Cost 🕐	
Alternate Cost 1	
Alternate Cost 2	

Once you have saved the Vendor Invoice Reconciliation you can look in the part record to see the impact on your ALC (Average Landed Cost)

Current Cost (\$)	\$ 10.000
Avg Landed Cost (\$)	<mark>\$ 11.495</mark>
FIFO Cost (\$)	

In order to review the impact on your accounting you can look to QuickBooks:

Accrued Purchases – decreased in the amount equal to the value of the parts that were originally on the PO. The freight was not included in accrued purchases, therefore doesn't make an entry here.

🖨 <u>G</u> o to	Prin <u>t</u>	Edit Transaction 📳 QuickReport	······································			
Date	Ref	P	avee	Increase	/ Decrease	Balance
	Type	Account	Memo			
8/13/2014	9323			21,703.34		4,017,826.79
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9323			
8/14/2014	19640000(160.00		4,017,986.79
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 196400000			
8/21/2014	9330			2.00		4,017,988.79
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9330			
8/22/2014	9331			10.00		4,017,998.79
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9331			
8/26/2014	9335			31.24		4,018,030.03
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9335			
8/28/2014	9341			190.00		4,018,220.03
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9341			
8/29/2014	9342			13,332.00		4,031,552.03
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9342			
9/01/2014	5643	Exide Technologies			10.00	4,031,542.03
	BILL	Accounts Payable	INVOICE NUMBER: 5643			
9/10/2014	9343			100.00		4,031,642.03
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9343			
9/11/2014	9344			26.95		4,031,668.98
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9344			
9/11/2014	9345	5-00-00357-		56.00		4,031,724.98
	GENJRNL	-split-	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9345			
9/11/2014	9346			7.42		4,031,732.40
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9346			
9/11/2014	9347			1.00		4,031,733.40
	GENJRNL	Merchandise Inventory:Inventory Bora Bora	RECEIPT NUMBER: 9347			
0.11				E	adiaa balaasa	4 000 004 00

|--|

Z Accounts	Payable							
🔷 <u>G</u> o to	Prin <u>t</u>	Edit Transaction	QuickReport					
Date	Number		Vendor	Due Date	Billed	1	Paid	Balance
07/04/0044	Type	Account	Memo	00/10/0014				40,000,00
07/31/2014	333333333	Exide Technologies		08/10/2014	1.50			19,380.23
07/21/2014	DILL me0721	-Split-	INVOICE NUMBER: 33333333333333				272 57	10 105 55
07/51/2014	PTU CDED	UNI-SELECT USA (10)	DO# DCN 20018 Date: 2014 07 21				2/3.5/	19,100.00
08/01/2014	deeded	INT-SELECT LISA (10)	PO# RGN-29918, Date:2014-07-51,				66.09	19 040 57
00/01/2014	BILLOPED	Accrued Purchases	INVOICE NUMBER : desided				00.05	19,040.37
08/01/2014	rpo0801	LINT-SELECT LISA (10)	INVOICE NONDER, USSUSU				65.09	18 975 48
00/01/2011	BILLCRED	-solit-	PO# RGN-29948, Date: 2014-08-01				00.05	10,575.10
08/01/2014	rpo0801	UNI-SELECT USA (10)					65.09	18,910,39
	BILLCRED	-split-	PO# RGN-29951, Date: 2014-08-01.					
08/01/2014	rpo0801	UNI-SELECT USA (10)					65.09	18,845,30
	BILLCRED	-split-	PO# RGN-29953, Date: 2014-08-01,					
08/01/2014	rpo0801	Daves Wholesale					15.00	18,830.30
	BILLCRED	-split-	PO# RGN-29959, Date: 2014-08-01,					
08/01/2014	RGN-2994	UNI-SELECT USA (10)	1				65.09	18,765.21
	BILLCRED	Accrued Purchases	INVOICE NUMBER: RGN-29949					
08/01/2014	RGN-2995	UNI-SELECT USA (10)					65.09	18,700.12
	BILLCRED	Accrued Purchases	INVOICE NUMBER: RGN-29952					20 C
08/01/2014	RGN-2995	UNI-SELECT USA (10)			·		65.09	18,635.03
	BILLCRED	-split-	INVOICE NUMBER: RGN-29955	04				
08/01/2014	INV RGN-2	Daves Wholesale					15.00	18,620.03
	BILLCRED	Accrued Purchases	INVOICE NUMBER: INV RGN-29960					
09/01/2014	5643	Exide Technologies		09/11/2014	10.00			18,630.03
	BILL	Accrued Purchases	INVOICE NUMBER: 5643					
09/01/2014	5643	EZR		09/11/2014	2.99			18,633.02
	BILL	Incoming Freight	INVOICE NUMBER: 5643					
09/19/2014	1	Dave's Test Vendor		10/01/2014	2.20			18,635.22
	BILL	Accrued Purchases	INVOICE NUMBER: 1					
09/19/2014	1	Daves Wholesale		09/29/2014	5.00			18,640.22
	BILL	Incoming Freight	INVOICE NUMBER: 1					
09/19/2014	Number	Vendor		Due Date 🔳	Billed	F	Paid	
		Account	Memo					

If you go to PAY BILLS you will see a bill for both vendors.

-		we ef rind		M Auden		21		 				
) Bill () Cre <u>d</u> it				Bill Received							
			Bill									
endor E	Exide Technologies		-	Date	09/01/2014 🔳							
-	Idor Exide Technologies Exide Technologies Exide Technologies P.O. BOX 933479 Atlanta, GA 31193 Tms INVOICE NUMBER: 5643		Ref. No.	5643	1.1							
duress	Exide Technologies P.O. BOX 933479 Atlanta, GA 31193			Amount Due	10.00							
				Bill Due	09/11/2014	1.1						
erms 1emo	INVOICE NUMBER: 5	643										
E <u>x</u> pens	es \$10.00	Items	\$0.0	0		1						
Account	t/	Amount		Memo		Custome	r:Job		Billa	. Cla	ass	
Accrued	Purchases		1	10.00 INVOICE	NUMBER: 5643					Bor	a Bora	
												l

Previous Previous	Save 🕄 Find	History	🛛 🖞 Attach				-	- 17	- 47				
) Bill 🔘 Cre <u>d</u> it				Bill Received									
		Bill											
endor EZR		-	Date	09/01/2014 🔳									
Address			Ref. No.	5643	1.1								
			Amount Due	2.99									
			Bill Due	09/11/2014 🔳									
erms Memo INVOICE NUMBER:	5643												
E <u>x</u> penses \$2.9	9 Ite <u>m</u> s	\$0.00	D			7	7	7	17	17	7	7	7
Account	Amount		Memo		Custome	r:Job			Billa.	Cli	ass		
			2.99 INVOICE	NUMBER: 5643						Bor	a Bora	C.	
Incoming Freight													
Incoming Freight													
Incoming Freight													
Incoming Freight													
Incoming Freight													

Incoming Freight (Expense Account) – Increase of \$2.99 for the charge to EZR.

🔟 Account QuickReport	:							2
Modify Report	emorize Prir	n <u>t</u> E-m	a <u>i</u> l ▼ E <u>x</u> port	Hide He <u>a</u> der	Refresh			
Dates This Fiscal Year-to	-date 🔹	From 01	L/01/2014 🔳 To 🛛	09/19/2014 🔳 Sor	t By Default		 Ali and a second second	
10:14 AM			SS2 QuickE	looks				
09/19/14		Ac	count Quic	kReport				
Accrual Basis		Januar	y 1 through Sep	tember 19, 2014	1			
 Type Incoming Freight 	♦ Date	∘ <u>Num</u> ∘	Name	. ♦ <u>Memo</u>	♦ Split	- * <u> </u>	Amount	\$
Bill	04/25/2014	5345	UNI-SELECT USA (. INVOICE NU	Accounts Pa		3.01	•
Bill	04/25/2014	P1-3	Dave's Test Vendor	INVOICE NU	Accounts Pa		44.44	
Bill	05/29/2014	INV P	Dave's Test Vendor	INVOICE NU	Accounts Pa		44.44	
Bill	07/29/2014	1	Dave's Test Vendor	INVOICE NU	Accounts Pa		28.00	
Bill	09/01/2014	5643	EZR	INVOICE NU	Accounts Pa		2.99	
Bill	09/19/2014	1	Daves Wholesale	INVOICE NU	Accounts Pa		5.00	
Total Incoming Freight							127.88	
TOTAL						_	127.88	

At this point you have done Vendor Invoice Reconciliation, distributed the freight to the Average Landed Cost of the parts, and pushed two separate bills to QuickBooks for two separate vendors.

The process for distributing "duty" is exactly the same. Fuse5 identifies duty very specifically as product # DUTY or Duty and line code FRT. This is absolutely critical to ensuring proper flow of "Duty".

If you add freight or duty to a VIR and do NOT select a vendor, it is assumed that you are paying the freight and duty to the same vendor for which you are paying for the parts. In this case the freight and duty will be included in ONE bill to the vendor and the expense for these will flow to QuickBooks in the account you have selected by going to PERSONAL & ADMIN > SETTINGS > QUICKBOOKS SETTINGS > expand the VENDOR INVOICE section (or Expand All) > Here you will find both "Freight" (Freight added to an invoice must have the line code FRT associated with it in order to be classified correctly as freight in QuickBooks. FRT added to a PO either when created or when doing the Vendor Invoice Reconciliation will NOT show up in Accrued Purchases, only as part of the Accounts Payable when VIR is complete.) and "Duty")Duty added to an invoice Reconciliation will NOT show up in Accruet Payable when VIR is complete. The duty charges will be credited to Accounts Payable and debited to the expense account chosen with this setting.)

Freight ⑦	Main Chart of Account:
Note: Expense Chart of Account	Freight Expense
CoA used when Freight Charges are added when doing	Sub Chart of Accounts:
Vendor Invoice Reconciliation.	Enter each option on new line. 3
Duty ⑦	Main Chart of Account:
Note: Expense Chart of Account	Duty Expense
CoA used when Duty Charges are added when doing	Sub Chart of Accounts:
Vendor Invoice Reconciliation.	

NON - QUICKBOOKS USERS

Distributing Freight/ Duty to Average Landed Cost (Using the Receiving module) You should NOT use this method of distributing freight and duty to the Average Landed Cost if you intend to use the VIR (Vendor Invoice Reconciliation module) to distribute freight and duty.

If you are not using the vendor invoice reconciliation module and you want to be able to distribute freight and duty to the ALC (Average Landed Cost) you must do so in the receiving module. The first step in ensuring your company has the ability to do so is go to PERSONAL & ADMIN > CUSTOM SETTINGS > "Show Freight and Duty on PO (Purchase Order) for distribute."

Once this custom setting is turned on and you go to create a new purchase order you will notice that you have a field for Freight and Duty.

Based On:	Freight PPD: 0	Cur	rent: 0	Remaining:	0
	Total	l Qty			0
(+) Shippir	ng & Handling Cha	rges			
	(+) Surch	arge			
(-	+) Small Order Ch	arge			
	🕐 🗏 (+) Fre	eight		0	-
	(+)	Duty		0	•
	Cost Price To	otal :		\$0	.00
	Core Price To	otal :		\$0	.00
	(-) Disc	ount		\$0	.00
	Grand T	otal			

In this scenario I have added part 1002, line code TRN. The cost price is \$13, from the current cost in the product record. The Average Landed Cost is also \$13.

	Select LUCALIVII. Bora Bora
Current Cost (\$)	\$ 13.000
Avg Landed Cost (\$)	\$ 13.000
FIFO Cost (\$)	\$ 13.000
Last Cost (\$)	\$ 13.000
Lowest Cost (\$)	
Secondary Bin	

Notice that the pricing before adding freight or duty shows in the cost field as \$13.

QoH	ТА	Order Qty	Cost	Core Cost
0 MTD: 9 YTD: 60 LYS: 0 L12: 60 YDR: 1 LYR: 0	0 0, 0, 0, , C 1	5, 21, 10 1, 0, 0, 1	13 Cost Ext: 13.000 C: \$13.000	0.000 Core Cost Ext: 0.000 Core C: \$0.000

Once the freight and duty are added you will see that price distributed to the cost price on the purchase order. In this case the entire \$3 for freight and \$2 for duty is being distributed to the one part. If there are multiple parts on the PO the freight and duty will be distibuted based on the cost price (weighted average is distributed in such a way that freight and duty are distributed as a percentage of the price of each part). You must check the box next to freight and duty to distribute. The help file next to both freight and duty tells you the following......"Checking this box will distribute the freight or duty to the cost of the parts on this purchase order. It will be distributed as an equal percentage of each parts cost price on the Purchase Order. Once the Purchase Order is "Finalized" this action becomes irreversible. When you receive the products from the purchase order they will be received based on the cost price on the PO and the Average Landed Cost will be adjusted accordingly. Unless your receivers specifically choose to change current cost, this will have no impact on current cost of the products. You should NOT be distributing freight or duty to the products on the Purchase Order if your company users QuickBooks or if the person responsible for Vendor Invoice Reconciliation is supposed to be responsible for distributing these costs to the Average Landed Cost. If you use the drop down to select a variance reason (window with drop down arrow directly above where you add freight or duty cost) this will be shown on the Purchase Order detail for review at a later time. It is NOT mandatory and is informational only."

QoH	ТА	Order Qty	Cost	Core Cost	
0 MTD: 9 YTD: 60 LYS: 0 L12: 60 YDR: 1 LYR: 0	0 0, 0, 0, , C 1	5, 21, 10 1, 0, 0, 1	18 Cost Ext: 18.000 C: \$18.000 Freight: 3 Duty: 2	0.000 Core Cost Ext: 0.000 Core C: \$0.000	
			0.000 Cost Ext: 0.00 C:	0.000 Core Cost Ext: 0.000 Core C:	
ight PPD Based On:	ollars Freight	PPD: 1000.00	0 Current: 18.000	Remaining: 982.000	
	1				
	(+) Shipping & Handling Charges				
	(+) Surcharge 0				
	(+) Small Order Charge 0			0	
	(+) Freight Additional shipping cost				
	(+) Duty				
			Cost Price Total :	18.000 \$18.000	

Once you have added and distributed freight and duty, you can finalize the purchase order. On the Purchase Order details page you will see that the cost price shows the distrubuted freight and the options chosen in the drop down next to freight and duty are also displayed.

Cost Price	Core Price
\$ 18.000 Cost Ext: \$ 18.000 C: \$18,000 Freight: 3.00 Duty: 2.00 \$	\$ 0.000 Core Cost Ext: \$ 0.000 Core C: \$0.000
Cost Price Ext	\$ 18.000 \$ 18.000
Core Price Ext	\$ 0.000 \$ 0.000
(+) Other Charges	\$ 0.000 \$ 0.000
(+) Freight:	Shipping \$ 3.000 \$ 3.000
(+) Duty:	Duty Expense \$ 2.000 \$ 2.000
(-) Discount	\$ 0.000 \$ 0.000
Grand Total (- Qty Cancelled) (+ Over Qty Received)	\$ 18.000 \$ 18.000

The next step is to receive the purchase order. This is what your receiver will see if they receive by purchase order number. Notice that the price is \$18.

Our Line Code	Our Product #	Received Qty	Purchase UOM	PO Number For Receiving Quantity	PO Cost Price
TRN	1002	1	1 EACH	P1-29848 Dave's Warehouse	18.000 \$ ☶ C: \$18.000

This is what your receiver will see if they receive by product. Again, the cost price is \$18.

Our Line Code	Our Product #	Received Qty	Purchase UOM	PO Number For Receiving Quantity	PO Cost Price
TRN	1002	1	1 EACH	P1-29848 Dave's Warehouse	18.000 \$ == C: \$18
				Create PO Append to PO	7-5

Once the part has been received into inventory, you can look at the product record and see that the Average Landed Cost has been updated as well as the Last Cost.

		Select Location: Bora Bora
Current Cost (\$)	\$ 13.000	
Avg Landed Cost (\$)	\$ 15.500	
FIFO Cost (\$)	\$ 13.000	
Last Cost (\$)	\$ 18.000	
Lowest Cost (\$)		
Secondary Bin		
Tertiary Zone		
Tertiary Aisle		
Tertiary Shelf		

It is important to understand that you should only use the functionality described above if you are NOT doing VIR (Vendor Invoice Reconciliation). If you are doing VIR you should add freight and duty during the VIR process and not as part of creating the purchase order.